# INTERESTING SIDELIGHTS ON WAR SEEN BY "SUN" CORRESPONDENTS

## Battle for the Labyrinth an Unceasing Eighteen Day Fight With Terrific Slaughter

No Letup Relieved the Long Struggle Which Won for the French Arms a Most Intricate and Ingenious System of Trenches Constructed by the Germans to the North of Arras-Total Casualties in Long Battle Were Almost 18,000-French Victory Important From Strategic Viewpoint.



ONE of the German trenches captured by the French in their onslaught against the fortified position known as the "labyrinth" is shown in the accompanying photograph. The trenches were formidably defended, in many cases being reenforced with concrete.

given to the Homeric struggle which gave the French possession of the tract of land, north of Arras, known as the

chez, to the north, and the bombproof shelte embankment almost to Givenchy from bombproof shelte in intricacy of lient of the first importance, the worst thorn in the side of the French in the French in the French "poilus." has been compared to

when the full history of the war in the north of France comes to be written an entire chapter may well be told by the French official observer.

Ingenious Defences.

The ground where this most terrible "land, north of Arras, known as the "labyrinth." This combination of forts and trenches had been prepared by the Germans during seven months after the retreat from the Marne, and when the French reached the outskirts of Souchez, to the north, and the railroad embankment almost to Givenchy from Arras, the "labyrinth" became a sa
In intricacy of plan and in detail of

Advance on Lens.

The "sector north of Arras" has been for the last month the opening parapets and barbed wire entanglements the whole area was studded with engraph in almost every communication. for the last month the opening paragraph in almost every communique issued by the French War Office. It is here that the French and British forces join, and the general objective is Lille, toward which the French are moving in an easterly drive, the British advancing south and east.

The "labyrinth" had to be taken at any cost. Before victory crowned the any cost. Before victory crowned the sums of French har soldiers had fought.

even 12 inch guns were in position and on this ground, full of big holes and sprayed the entire French line unceasingly. The smoke of the shells hid the ceased, either day or night. The attack-German lines from the eyes of the ling elements, constantly renewed,

rinth." It has been estimated that a thousand shells a minute were raining on a stretch of only a few thousand square yards. On May 30 Gen. Maudhuy, the commander of the French troops, decided that the preliminary work forward through ground where the Gerbad been accomplished. He gave the order for an attack in force by infantry.

says the report of the observer, made public on June 21, "we captured the first line. Behind this was a great number of forts and barricades. We took some of these, but others stopped us. One hundred and fifty men, surprised in their holes by the furious charge of the French infantry, fell into our hands."

The first stage of the attack was a triumph. Then followed a hand to hand struggle matched in history only by the combats waged by the Roman legions "labyrinth," with only a small space beembats waged by the Roman legions "labyrinth," with only a small space be

German lines from the eyes of the watchful French.

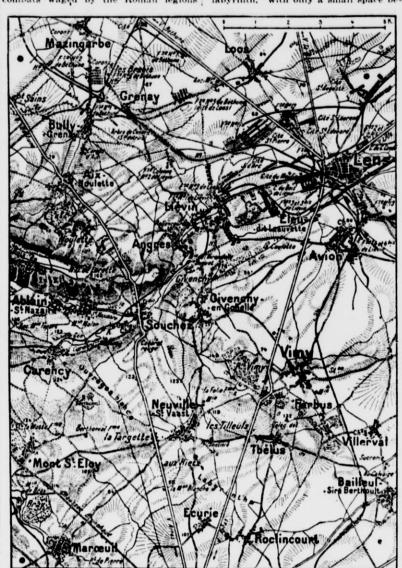
At the same time the French .75s and heavier guns were pounding away at the German barricades in front of the southern edge of the "laby-right". It has been extimated that a they fought bareheaded and in their It has been estimated that a they fought bareheaded and in their

"pollus." who had been chafing in their trenches for days and longing to go at the "bosches" with the bayonets scrambled over the parapets and flung themselves headlong against the German had been chaffing in their trenches for days and longing to go at the "bosches" with the bayonets scrambled over the parapets and flung themselves headlong against the German had been could prepare but slowly the solution of the could pre bled over the parapets and flung them-selves headlong against the German bar-rleades.

The French soldiers showed their grim

Terrific Struggle.

"Everywhere, except on the right," says the report of the observer, made commanders. Thus they dashed down



HE accompanying map shows the region surrounding the famous "labyrinth" occupied by the French after day and night fighting lasting eighteen days. The "labyrinth" was constructed by the Germans just north of Ecurie and was the most formidable obstruction encountered by the French in the advance against Lens.

THE RECURSION OF CAUSE

THE RECURSION OF THE RECURSION OF

Italian Front 317 Miles; 800,000 Soldiers Cover It

The Italian army is massed along a battle front 317 miles long. Only portion of Italy's war resources have so fer been utilized and the army has been only partially mobilized, since \$00,000 men are more than sufficient at present to carry on the war against Austria. Out of the 317 miles of front only about thirty are level ground, the rest is hilly or mountainous. Italy's front, which has considerably extended inward since the war began, is divided as follows :

1 From the Stelvio Pass to Cive dale in the province of Sondrio, Valtellina, twelve miles.

2. From Civedale to Lake Garda toward the province of Brescia, about eighty-five miles.

3. From Lake Garda to Marivolda along the provinces of Verona, Vicenza and Belluno, 115 miles. 4. Along the ranges of the Carnic

Alps north of the provinces of Bel-

luno and Udine, thirty miles. 5. Between the Carnic and the Julian Alps, from the province of Udine to the upper valley of the Fella. twenty miles.

6. From Sella Nevea to Porto Buso, on the Adriatic, between the province of Udine and Eastern Friuli, fifty-five miles.

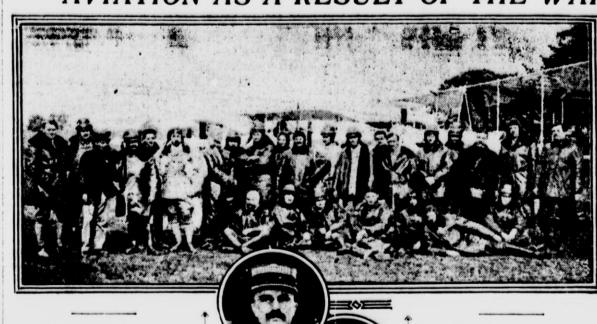
# **FAMOUS BEAUTY**

Mme. Bertha Trost Gave Elab-

knew her quite well by sight. The curious relic of bygone days regularly drove in the park, dressed in figured silks worn over an ample crinoline, and a poke bonnet perched on bunches of a poke bonnet perched o

stailed furniture and hangings of a most elaborate kind. Everything was decorated in rich tones of pink, and the paying guests were conducted from room.

### FRANCE HAS MADE VAST STRIDES IN AVIATION AS A RESULT OF THE WAR



Big Chemical Factory at Ludwigshafen Attacked by French Aviation Squadron.

Special Correspondence to THE SUN. Parts, June 17 .- What has been the Parts, June 17.—What has been the progress in the science of aviation since August 4, 1914? All progress in detail enormously because the aeroplanes have an immense factory. The landing the laboratory of the landing the laboratory of the laborato the enemy, but M. Serre, in charge of the date of the factory of the establishment of Henry and Maurice Farman, the most impor-chassis suffices to put the aeroplane out and Maurice Farman, the most important in France, has consented to give some information on this subject to the correspondent of The Sun.

Froduction of aeroplanes, he stated, and at the end of an hour he is back on the left bank of the Radische Anilin und Soda Fabrik, which was founded in half an hour with a machine which has never been flown off the testing ground, and at the end of an hour he is back on the left bank of the Rhine. At the

Dinners at Fine
London Home.

London Home.

MANY OFFICERS GUESTS

Production of aeroplanes, he stated, has increased on an immense scale since August, 1914. It is not advisable to go function to figures, but for every aeroplane which existed in France on the last day of July, 1914, there are now so many that nobody would believe the exact that nobody would the Chamber of Deputies pay for each year and how many machines along the factories turn out. Prices, which had never heard of Mme. Bertha Trost knew her quite well by sight. The disappeared from consideration; the entire the bane of aviation science, have disappeared from consideration; the entire that the end of an hour he is back smashing its landing chassis trying to land gently in an apple orchard. Wings, too, have to be looked after when they have been riddled with bullets or shell splinters, for they will stand in great part into a factory for the making of explosives. It turns out two-they give way before the wind strain. The necessity of fiving in any kind of weather, too, accounts for hundreds of repair jobs.

M. Serre believes that before the war is over the standing supply of machines. M. Serre believes that before the war is over the standing chassis trying to land gently in an apple orchard.

Wings, too, have to be looked after when they have been riddled with bullets or shell splinters, for they will stand in great part into a factory for the making of explosives. It turns out two-they were the war is somether to be so making of strength of the marking of the country to be traversely the production of nitrates necessary for the when they have been riddled with bullets or shell splinters, for

white curls, which she wore on each French aviation men were fully con- by the military authorities-can be made white curls, which she were on each side of her beautifully tinted cheeks.

Mme. Trost, with her early Victorian getup, was estensibly a beauty specialist cannot speak too highly. The Mercedes bombs, convoyed by ten equally large

mine. Trost, with her early Victorian batteries, getup, was ostensibly a beauty specialist with an exceedingly aristocratic clientele, who patronized her "Beauty Shop" in the West End, and many of her clients even visited her at her beautiful house at Mariborough Gate, Hyde Park.

The "Susiness" was in reality merely a blind. Mms. Trost was for ower twenty years in the pay of the German Government, and utilized those wonders where in a position to give information such as she needed and was skilled in extracting.

The "Lady of the Crinoline," as she meeted and was skilled in extracting.

The "Lady of the Crinoline," as she was condered as an undestrable alien.

Last December she moved to the house at Mariborough Gate, where she lived in considerable style, with a staff of seed and mangents and not the strength of the was calculated by the mounts of the string broken machines or risk their forms and poke bonnes. She has been deported as an undestrable alien.

Last December she moved to the house at Mariborough Gate, where she lived in considerable style, with a staff of seven servants, including a butler, whose dignity of mien was the envel of the vertice of an elegation of the proposed. The consultance of the proposed of the proposed of the consultance of the proposed of the proposed of the consultance of the proposed of

It was about this time that madame suddenly removed all external signs of her manicuring operations from her mankably small. The pilots have been is tedious at the start, dangerous and remarkably small. The pilots have been better trained than in time of peace, the machines have been more expensively made and the rigor of military disciplinated the whole elections.

House of Mystery.

But the real centre of interest was the mysterious house at 4 Mariborough Gate. Here the beauty specialist installed furniture and hangings of a most elaborate kind. Everything was dec.

sively made and the rigor of military discipline has eliminated the whole element of personal dare deviltry, which in time of peace was responsible for a large proportion of the accidents to avistors.

Sively made and the rigor of military discipline has eliminated the whole element of personal dare deviltry, which in time of peace was responsible for a large proportion of the accidents to avistors.

The possibility of its use for carrying of mail and other light, precious matter will also be brought within practical limits.

The raid carried out by eighton.

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Raid Was One of Most Spectacular of Aerial Operations Undertaken in War.

Descending the valley of the Rhine and